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8	WESTERN DISTRIC	DISTRICT COURT T OF WASHINGTON COMA
10	RAY CHARLES HARRIS,	
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. 3:16-CV-05044-BHS-DWC
12	v.	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL
13 14 15 16	PIERCE COUNTY JAIL CLASSIFICATION AND ADMINISTRATION OFFICE, MARK LINDQUIST, G PERO, MASKO, ALEXANDER, C JAMES, T M DONALD, ROBERT M QUILLIAN, BARBARA COREY,	
17	Defendants.	
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19	The District Court has referred this 42 U.	S.C. § 1983 action to United States Magistrate
20	Judge David W. Christel. Currently pending in the	nis action is Plaintiff's Amended Motion to
21	Withdraw as Pro-Se ("Motion"). Dkt. 36. 1	
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24	Defendants James, Lindquist, Masko, and Pero consideration on June 24, 2016. Dkt. 37.	filed a Motion to Dismiss, which will be ready for

1	On April 15, 2016, Plaintiff filed a motion to appointment of counsel, which the Court
2	denied without prejudice. See Dkt. 22, 34. On May 20, 2016, Plaintiff filed the pending Motion
3	renewing his request for court-appointed counsel. Dkt. 22.
4	No constitutional right to appointed counsel exists in a § 1983 action. Storseth v.
5	Spellman, 654 F.2d 1349, 1353 (9th Cir. 1981); see United States v. \$292,888.04 in U.S.
6	Currency, 54 F.3d 564, 569 (9th Cir. 1995) ("[a]ppointment of counsel under this section is
7	discretionary, not mandatory"). However, in "exceptional circumstances," a district court may
8	appoint counsel for indigent civil litigants pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1) (formerly 28
9	U.S.C. § 1915(d)). Rand v. Roland, 113F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997), overruled on other
10	grounds, 154 F.3d 952 (9th Cir. 1998). To decide whether exceptional circumstances exist, the
11	Court must evaluate both "the likelihood of success on the merits [and] the ability of the
12	[plaintiff] to articulate his claims <i>pro se</i> in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved."
13	Wilborn v. Escalderon, 789 F.2d 1328, 1331 (9th Cir. 1986) (quoting Weygandt v. Look, 718
14	F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983)). A plaintiff must plead facts showing he has an insufficient grasp
15	of his case or the legal issues involved and an inadequate ability to articulate the factual basis of
16	his claims. Agyeman v. Corrections Corp. of America, 390 F.3d 1101, 1103 (9th Cir. 2004).
17	In Plaintiff's Motion, he requests the Court appoint attorney Fred Diamondstone to
18	represent him in this case. Dkt. 36. Plaintiff states he is disadvantaged because the Washington
19	Corrections Center ("WCC") librarians are tampering with his incoming and outgoing legal mail,
20	he does not have reasonable access to the law library, and he is being harassed by WCC staff
21	members. Id.
22	Plaintiff has not shown, nor does the Court find, this case involves complex facts or law.
23	Plaintiff has also not shown an inability to articulate the factual basis of his claims in a fashion
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1	understandable to the Court. For example, Plaintiff's Amended Complaint sufficiently stated a
2	claim to survive screening under 28 U.S.C. § 1915A and Plaintiff has clearly articulated his
3	requests for counsel. See Dkt. 13, 18, 22, 36. Further, "Plaintiff's imprisonment, lack of access to
4	the library, and lack of legal skills are not exceptional circumstances that warrant the
5	appointment of counsel." Lloyd v. Powell, 2010 WL 724671, *1 (W.D. Wash. Mar. 1, 2010);
6	Perryman v. Duffy, 2015 WL 4508742, *4 (E.D. Cal. July 24, 2015) ("limited law library
7	access[] do[es] not establish exceptional circumstances"). Additionally, Plaintiff has not shown
8	he is likely to succeed on the merits of his case.
9	Accordingly, Plaintiff's Motion is denied without prejudice.
10	Dated this 14th day of June, 2016.
11	Mar Muisto
12	David W. Christel
13	United States Magistrate Judge
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